#### S.E.C. RULE 15c2-12 ANNUAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

The State Water Resources Control Board (the "Board"), acting by and through the State Treasurer's Office of the State of California, hereby provides its annual financial information for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 in connection with the following:

#### **Bond Issue**

		Date of
		Continuing
		Disclosure
Name of Issue	Dated Date	Agreement
California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank, Clean		-
Water State Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds, Series 2002	8/1/02	8/1/02

The base CUSIP number for the bond listed above is 13033W - \_ \_ .

Note: The base CUSIP number provided is for the convenience of Bondholders. The State Treasurer's Office is not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of such numbers.

#### **Other Matters**

This annual report is provided solely for purposes of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement. The filing of this report does not constitute or imply any representation (i) that all of the information provided is material to investors, (ii) regarding any other financial, operating or other information about the State Water Resources Control Board or the Bonds, or (iii) that no changes, circumstances or events have occurred since the end of the fiscal year to which this report relates (other than as referred to in this report), or that no other information exists which may have a bearing on the security for the Bonds, or an investor's decision to buy, sell, or hold the Bonds. The information contained in this report has been obtained from sources which are believed to be reliable, but such information is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness.

Dated: February 14, 2007

State of California

Original signed by Lai Louie Deputy State Treasurer For State Treasurer, Bill Lockyer

# STATEMENT OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION AND OPERATING DATA with respect to the CLEAN WATER STATE REVOLVING FUND of the STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD

#### Introduction

This Statement of Annual Financial Information and Operating Data dated January 30, 2007 (the "Statement") of the State Water Resources Control Board of the State of California (the "Board") is prepared and submitted in accordance with the requirements of the Board's Continuing Disclosure Agreement dated as of August 1, 2002 (the "Continuing Disclosure Agreement") with respect to the \$300,000,000 California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank Clean Water State Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds, Series 2002 (the "Series 2002 Bonds"). Set forth below is certain financial information and operating data relating to the Board's Clean Water Program for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2006, and certain other information relating to the Series 2002 Bonds as provided in the Continuing Disclosure Agreement.

This Statement is of limited scope; it contains only an update of certain financial information and operating data described below. The information set forth herein does not contain all material information concerning the Series 2002 Bonds or the Board necessary to make an informed investment decision. This Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy the Series 2002 Bonds. This Statement is submitted pursuant to the Continuing Disclosure Agreement. The purpose of the Board's undertaking is to comply with the requirements of Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (17 CFR Part 240, 240.15c2-12) (as amended, the "Rule") and not to create new contractual or other rights for the trustee or the underwriters of the Series 2002 Bonds, any registered owner or beneficial owner of Series 2002 Bonds, any municipal securities broker or dealer, any potential purchaser of Series 2002 Bonds, the SEC or any other person.

#### Series 2002 Cash Flow Schedule

The following cash flow schedule sets forth on an annual basis the Pledged Revenues and the Debt Service on the Series 2002 Bonds as of June 30, 2006, which reflects the prepayment in full of four Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations. Prepayments received with respect to the Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations in Fiscal Year 2006 were deposited in the Debt Service Account and used to pay debt service for the Series 2002 Bonds. The last column shows the debt service coverage for each year, which is the Pledged Revenues divided by the Debt Service on the Series 2002 Bonds for such year. The amounts provided in the cash flow schedule are based upon various assumptions concerning the timely repayment of Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations in accordance with scheduled repayment amounts and without any further prepayments of such amounts and other assumptions. In addition, the cash flow schedules assume that there is no substitution, addition or release of Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations as permitted under the Indenture. Any such release of Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations could result in a reduction in the debt service coverage described below.

٠.,

#### CASH FLOW SCHEDULE as of June 30, 2006

	Scheduled Loan Repayments from	S	eries 2002 A Debt S	ervice	
Year Ending October 1	Pledged Project Obligations(1)	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>	Debt Service Coverage <sup>(2)</sup>
2006	<b>\$</b> 82,358,100	\$ 22,850,000	\$10,957,104	\$ 33,807,104	2.44
2007	76,519,342	23,585,000	10,221,604	33,806,604	2.26
2008	72,855,003	22,930,000	9,323,554	32,253,554	2.26
2009	72,369,161	23,655,000	8,602,654	32,257,654	2.24
2010	71,891,962	24,390,000	7,604,229	31,994,229	2.25
2011	69,139,854	24,285,000	6,528,629	30,813,629	2.24
2012	64,184,121	22,895,000	5,357,779	28,252,779	2.27
2013	55,371,666	19,940,000	4,280,629	24,220,629	2.29
2014	48,742,014	17,900,000	3,483,029	21,383,029	2.28
2015	44,998,888	17,130,000	2,649,529	19,779,529	2.28
2016	37,998,888	14,980,000	1,803,485	16,783,485	2.26
2017	28,948,061	11,850,000	1,060,085	12,910,085	2.24
2018	24,914,746	10,000,000	470,630	10,470,630	2.38
· Total	\$ <u>750,291,807</u>	\$ <u>256,390,000</u>	S <u>72,342,938</u>	\$ <u>328,732,938</u>	

Scheduled loan repayments occur throughout the year and are adjusted to include the 10-day grace period permitted by the Board.

<sup>(2)</sup> Does not include earnings on pledged funds and accounts.

#### Series 2002 Cash Flow Schedule

The following cash flow schedule sets forth on an annual basis the Pledged Revenues and the Debt Service on the Series 2002 Bonds as of June 30, 2006, which reflects the prepayment in full of four Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations. Prepayments received with respect to the Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations in Fiscal Year 2006 were deposited in the Debt Service Account and used to pay debt service for the Series 2002 Bonds. The last column shows the debt service coverage for each year, which is the Pledged Revenues divided by the Debt Service on the Series 2002 Bonds for such year. The amounts provided in the cash flow schedule are based upon various assumptions concerning the timely repayment of Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations in accordance with scheduled repayment amounts and without any further prepayments of such amounts and other assumptions. In addition, the cash flow schedules assume that there is no substitution, addition or release of Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations as permitted under the Indenture. Any such release of Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations could result in a reduction in the debt service coverage described below.

#### CASH FLOW SCHEDULE as of June 30, 2006

	Scheduled Loan Repayments from	S	eries 2002 A Debt S		
Year Ending October 1	Pledged Project Obligations(1)	Principal	Interest	<u>Total</u>	Debt Service Coverage <sup>(2)</sup>
2006	\$ 82,358,100	\$ 22,850,000	\$10,957,104	\$ 33,807,104	2.44
2007	76,519,342	23,585,000	10,221,604	33,806,604	2.26
2008	72,855,003	22,930,000	9,323,554	32,253,554	2.26
2009	72,369,161	23,655,000	8,602,654	32,257,654	2.24
2010	71,891,962	24,390,000	7,604,229	31,994,229	2.25
2011	69,139,854	24,285,000	6,528,629	30,813,629	2.24
2012	64,184,121	22,895,000	5,357,779	28,252,779	2.27
2013	55,371,666	19,940,000	4,280,629	24,220,629	. 2.29
2014	48,742,014	17,900,000	3,483,029	21,383,029	2.28
2015	44,998,888	17,130,000	2,649,529	19,779,529	2.28
2016	37,998,888	14,980,000	1,803,485	16,783,485	2.26
2017	28,948,061	11,850,000	1,060,085	12,910,085	2.24
2018	24,914,746	10,000,000	470,630	10,470,630	2.38
Total	\$ <u>750,291,807</u>	S <u>256,390,000</u>	S <u>72,342,938</u>	\$ <u>328,732,938</u>	

Scheduled loan repayments occur throughout the year and are adjusted to include the 10-day grace period permitted by the Board.

Does not include earnings on pledged funds and accounts.

#### Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations

The following table lists the Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations, their respective loan balances and the percent of the Total Pledged Projected Obligations represented by such loan balances as of June 30, 2006. Four of the Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations have been prepaid in full. Prepayments received with respect to the Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations in Fiscal Year 2006 were deposited in the Debt Service Account and used to pay debt service for the Series 2002 Bonds.

Ę,

### SERIES 2002 PLEDGED PROJECT OBLIGATIONS as of June 30, 2006

<u>Borrower</u>	Number <u>of Loans</u>	Loan Balance as of June 30, 2006	Percent of Total Pledged <u>Project Obligations</u>
Alameda, City of	3	\$ 3,943,814.95	0.63%
Banning, City of	1	3,739,946.81	0.60
Benicia, City of	1	15,750,263.37	2.51
Blythe, City of	1	3,829,944.40	0.61
California State Coastal Conservancy	1	2,325,918.52	0.37
Chico, City of	1	27,982,100.62	4.46
Corona, City of	1	16,193,884.40	2.58
Delta Diablo Sanitation District	1	2,144,412.99	0.34
East Bay Municipal Utility District	8	51,030,710.72	8.13
El Toro Water District	1	6,115,083.00	0.97
Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District	4	3,532,533.46	0.56
Fresno Metro. Flood Control District	1	7,858,598.41	1.25
Goleta Water District	1	5,233,277.79	0.83
Hidden Valley Lake Community Service District	1	5,864,642.40	0.93
Irvine Ranch Water District	1	2,383,289.27	0.38
La Canada Flintridge, City of	1	5,128,725.27	0.82
Lake County Sanitation District	1	5,261,491.94	0.84
Livermore, City of	. 1	5,941,486.67	.95
Los Angeles County Sanitation District	4 •	37,927,317.92	6.05
Metropolitan Water District of Southern California	1	15,878,504.49	2.53
Monterey Regional Water Pollution Control Authority	2	7,824,640.55	1.25
Moulton Niguel Water District	2	8,992.633.05	1.43
North of the River Sanitary District No.1	1	9,729,456.67	1.55
Oakland, City of	1	2,103,067.30	0.34
Oceanside, City of	1	5,701,446.08	0.91
Ojai Valley Sanitary District	1	13,277,357.94	2.12
Padre Dam Municipal Water District	1	6,475,205.13	1.03
Panoche Water District	1	2,776,921.80	0.44
Patterson, City of	1	3,070,696.17	0.49
Richmond, City of	1	2,868,429.43	0.46
Rubidoux Community Services District	1	2,355.867.53	0.38

#### Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations

The following table lists the Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations, their respective loan balances and the percent of the Total Pledged Projected Obligations represented by such loan balances as of June 30, 2006. Four of the Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations have been prepaid in full. Prepayments received with respect to the Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations in Fiscal Year 2006 were deposited in the Debt Service Account and used to pay debt service for the Series 2002 Bonds.

1

### SERIES 2002 PLEDGED PROJECT OBLIGATIONS as of June 30, 2006

			Percent of
Borrower	Number of Loans	Loan Balance as of June 30, 2006	Total Pledged Project Obligations
Alameda, City of •	3	\$ 3,943,814.95	0.63%
Banning, City of	1	3,739,946.81	0.60
Benicia, City of	1	15,750,263.37	2.51
Blythe, City of	1	3,829,944.40	0.61
California State Coastal Conservancy	1	2,325,918.52	0.37
Chico, City of	1	27,982,100.62	4.46
Corona, City of	1	16,193,884.40	2.58
Delta Diablo Sanitation District	1	2,144,412.99	0.34
East Bay Municipal Utility District	8	51,030,710.72	8.13
El Toro Water District	1	6,115,083.00	0.97
Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District	4	3,532,533.46	0.56
Fresno Metro. Flood Control District	1	7,858,598.41	1.25
Goleta Water District	1	5,233,277.79	0.83
Hidden Valley Lake Community Service District	1	5,864,642.40	0.93
Irvine Ranch Water District	1	2,383,289.27	0.38
La Canada Flintridge, City of	1	5,128,725.27	0.82
Lake County Sanitation District	1	5,261,491.94	0.84
Livermore, City of	1	5,941,486.67	.95
Los Angeles County Sanitation District	4	37,927,317.92	6.05
Metropolitan Water District of Southern California	1	15,878,504.49	2.53
Monterey Regional Water Pollution Control Authority	2	7,824,640.55	1.25
Moulton Niguel Water District	2	8,992.633.05	1.43
North of the River Sanitary District No.1	1	9,729,456.67	1.55
Oakland, City of	l	2,103,067.30	0.34
Oceanside, City of	1	5,701,446.08	0.91
Ojai Valley Sanitary District	1	13,277,357.94	2.12
Padre Dam Municipal Water District	1	6,475,205.13	1.03
Panoche Water District	. 1	2,776,921.80	0.44
Patterson, City of	1	3,070,696.17	0.49
Richmond, City of	1	2,868,429.43	0.46
Rubidoux Community Services District	1	2,355.867.53	0.38

#### **SERIES 2002 PLEDGED PROJECT OBLIGATIONS**

as of June 30, 2006 (continued)

			Percent of
	Number	Loan Balance	Total Pledged
<u>Borrower</u>	of Loans	as of June 30, 2006	Project Obligations
Sacramento, City of	3	\$ 35,625,441.07	5.68%
San Bernardino, City of (1)	2	19,523,975.87	3.11
San Elijo Joint Powers Authority	1	10,334,428.72	1.65
San Francisco, City and County of	14	118,868,783.01	18.95
San Luis Obispo, City of	3	13,043,654.71	2.08
Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority(1)	7	26,634,541.40	4.25
Santa Cruz, City of	1	36,721,230.12	5.85
Santa Monica, City of	1	3,753,897.72	0.60
Santa Rosa, City of	2	29,034,582.53	4.63
South San Francisco, City of	1	4,200,536.39	0.67
Ukiah, City of	1	3,633,810.32	0.58
Union Sanitary District	1	13,937,116,95	2.22
Victor Valley Wastewater Reclamation Authority	1	3,077,316.65	0.49
Wasco, City of	2	3,825,326.83	0.61
Western Riverside County Regional Wastewater			
Authority	4	7,750,575.18	1.24
Westlands Water District	2	4,095,285.24	<u>0.65</u>
TOTAL	<u>94</u>	<u>\$627,302,171.76</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

Ţ.

The following table lists the four Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations that were prepaid in full as of June 30, 2006. Prepayments received with respect to the Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations in Fiscal Year 2006 were deposited in the Debt Service Account and used to pay debt service for the Series 2002 Bonds. The total repayment amount represents principal and interest.

#### **FULLY PREPAID SERIES 2002 PLEDGED** PROJECT OBLIGATIONS as of June 30, 2006

	Number of	
<u>Borrower</u>	<u>Loans</u>	Repayment Amount
Los Angeles County Sanitation District	2	\$11,951,192,89
The Nature Conservancy	2	\$ 6,666,891.38

Source: State Water Resources Control Board of the State of California.

(1) The Santa Ana Watershad Project Application of the State of California. The Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority served as the Borrower in nine of the Project Obligations originally pledged as security for the Series 2002 Bonds. In 2004, two of the nine Project Obligations were assumed by the City of San Bernardino. All nine Project Obligations remain Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations.

#### SERIES 2002 PLEDGED PROJECT OBLIGATIONS

### as of June 30, 2006 (continued)

	Number	Loan Balance	Percent of Total Pledged
<u>Borrower</u>	of Loans	as of June 30, 2006	Project Obligations
Sacramento, City of	3	\$ 35,625,441.07	5.68%
San Bernardino, City of <sup>(1)</sup>	2	19,523,975.87	3.11
San Elijo Joint Powers Authority	1	10,334,428.72	1.65
San Francisco, City and County of	14	118,868,783.01	18.95
San Luis Obispo, City of	3	13,043,654.71	2.08
Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority(1)	7	26,634,541.40	4.25
Santa Cruz, City of	1	36,721,230.12	5.85
Santa Monica, City of	1	3,753,897.72	0.60
Santa Rosa, City of	2	29,034,582.53	4.63
South San Francisco, City of	1	4,200,536.39	0.67
Ukiah, City of	1	3,633,810.32	0.58
Union Sanitary District	1	13,937,116,95	2.22
Victor Valley Wastewater Reclamation Authority	1	3,077,316.65	0.49
Wasco, City of	• 2	3,825,326.83	0.61
Western Riverside County Regional Wastewater			
Authority	4	7,750,575.18	1.24
Westlands Water District	_2	4,095,285.24	0.65
TOTAL	<u>94</u>	<u>\$627,302,171.76</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

Source: State Water Resources Control Board of the State of California.

The following table lists the four Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations that were prepaid in full as of June 30, 2006. Prepayments received with respect to the Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations in Fiscal Year 2006 were deposited in the Debt Service Account and used to pay debt service for the Series 2002 Bonds. The total repayment amount represents principal and interest.

# FULLY PREPAID SERIES 2002 PLEDGED PROJECT OBLIGATIONS as of June 30, 2006

	Number of	•
<u>Borrower</u>	<u>Loans</u>	Repayment Amount
Los Angeles County Sanitation District	2	\$11,951,192,89
The Nature Conservancy	2	\$ 6,666,891.38

The Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority served as the Borrower in nine of the Project Obligations originally pledged as security for the Series 2002 Bonds. In 2004, two of the nine Project Obligations were assumed by the City of San Bernardino. All nine Project Obligations remain Series 2002 Pledged Project Obligations.

#### Significant Borrower Annual Financial Information

The following financial information was provided by the City and County of San Francisco with respect to its Clean Water Program and, except for the information under the caption "Conversion to Cash" and the footnotes, is derived from published financial statements for each of the years indicated. The information under the caption "Conversion to Cash" has been prepared by the City and County of San Francisco to assist the reader in assessing its ability to pay the debt service on its SRF Loans and the Revenue Bonds of the Clean Water Enterprise.

# Summary of Selected Financial Data City and County of San Francisco Clean Water Enterprise (000's)

Fiscal Year	<u>2003</u>	2004	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>
OPERATING & INVESTMENT REVENUES				
Sewer Service Charges	\$130,013	\$133,160	\$144,348	\$159,281
Other Revenue .	4,732	4,646	4,540	5,422
Investing Activities <sup>(1)</sup>	2,499	363	2,837	5,024
Total .	\$137,244	\$138,169	\$151,725	\$169,727
OPERATING & MAINTENANCE EXPENSES				
Salaries & Fringe Benefits	\$ 37,480	\$ 37,221	\$ 37,782	\$ 44,798
Contractual Services	5,432	5,802	6,227	7,962
Materials & Supplies	7,288	7,142	8,283	8,565
Depreciation & Amortization	38,369	38,094	37,800	37,228
General & Administrative	11,974	20,294	22,249	13,725
Services of Other PUC or City Departments	20,656	20,572	23,234	24,105
Other	7,978	791	3,715	4,571
Total	\$129,177	\$129,916	\$139,290	\$140,954
OPERATING & INVESTMENT INCOME	\$ 8,067	\$ 8,253	\$ 12,435	\$ 28,773
CONVERSION TO CASH <sup>(2)</sup>			•	
÷ Operating & Investment Income	\$ 8,067	\$ 8,253	\$ 12,435	\$ .28,773
+ Depreciation & Non-Cash Expenses	38,977	38,304	37,802	36,429
+ Changes in Working Capital	98	4,538	3,192	(4,288)
+ Other Funds Available for Debt Service <sup>(3)</sup>	28,593	20,793	16,323	25,999
SRF Loan Payments	\$ 20,132	\$ 20,132	\$ 19,608	\$ 20,134
Revenue Bond Debt Service <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 35,084	\$ 18,506	\$ 17,742	\$ 17,219

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes cash receipts on invested unrestricted funds.

The San Francisco Clean Water Enterprise Indenture defines "Net Revenues" on a cash basis rather than on a GAAP basis. The conversion to cash outlined above takes Operating & Investing Income and adjusts for non-cash expenses (including Depreciation and Non-Cash Expenses and Changes in Working Capital).

As per the San Francisco Clean Water Enterprise Indenture, in addition to current year cash flow, the coverage calculation permits the inclusion of funds not budgeted to be spent in the next 12 months and legally available to pay debt service (namely, other Funds Available). Source: Controller of the City and County of San Francisco financial accounting system (FAMIS).

Excludes \$30.475 million in debt service set asides used towards refunding bonds in Fiscal Year 2003.

#### Significant Borrower Annual Financial Information

The following financial information was provided by the City and County of San Francisco with respect to its Clean Water Program and, except for the information under the caption "Conversion to Cash" and the footnotes, is derived from published financial statements for each of the years indicated. The information under the caption "Conversion to Cash" has been prepared by the City and County of San Francisco to assist the reader in assessing its ability to pay the debt service on its SRF Loans and the Revenue Bonds of the Clean Water Enterprise.

# Summary of Selected Financial Data City and County of San Francisco Clean Water Enterprise (000's)

Fiscal Year	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>
OPERATING & INVESTMENT REVENUES	•			
Sewer Service Charges	\$130,013	\$133,160	\$144,348	\$159,281
Other Revenue	4,732	4,646	4,540	5,422
Investing Activities <sup>(1)</sup>	2,499	363	2,837	5,024
Total	\$137,244	\$138,169	\$151,725	\$169,727
OPERATING & MAINTENANCE EXPENSES				
Salaries & Fringe Benefits	\$ 37,480	\$ 37,221	\$ 37,782	\$ 44,798
Contractual Services	5,432	5,802	6,227	7,962
Materials & Supplies	7,288	7,142	8,283	8,565
Depreciation & Amortization	38,369	38,094	37,800	37,228
General & Administrative	11,974	20,294	22,249	13,725
Services of Other PUC or City Departments	20,656	20,572	23,234	24,105
Other	7,978	791	3,715	4,571
Total	\$129,177	\$129,916	\$139,290	\$140,954
OPERATING & INVESTMENT INCOME	\$ 8,067	\$ 8,253	\$ 12,435	\$ 28,773
CONVERSION TO CASH <sup>(2)</sup>				
+ Operating & Investment Income	\$ 8,067	\$ 8,253	S 12,435	\$ 28,773
+ Depreciation & Non-Cash Expenses	38,977	38,304	37,802	36,429
Changes in Working Capital	98	4,538	3,192	(4,288)
+ Other Funds Available for Debt Service <sup>(3)</sup>	28,593	20,793	16,323	25,999
SRF Loan Payments	\$ 20,132	\$ 20,132	\$ 19,608	\$ 20,134
Revenue Bond Debt Service <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 35,084	\$ 18,506	S 17,742	\$ 17,219

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes cash receipts on invested unrestricted funds.

The San Francisco Clean Water Enterprise Indenture defines "Net Revenues" on a cash basis rather than on a GAAP basis. The conversion to cash outlined above takes Operating & Investing Income and adjusts for non-cash expenses (including Depreciation and Non-Cash Expenses and Changes in Working Capital).

As per the San Francisco Clean Water Enterprise Indenture, in addition to current year cash flow, the coverage calculation permits the inclusion of funds not budgeted to be spent in the next 12 months and legally available to pay debt service (namely, other Funds Available). Source: Controller of the City and County of San Francisco financial accounting system (FAMIS).

Excludes \$30.475 million in debt service set asides used towards refunding bonds in Fiscal Year 2003.

#### **Significant Borrower Audited Financial Statements**

Audited financial statements for the San Francisco Clean Water Program for the Fiscal Years ending June 30, 2006 and 2005 may be found at the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission website at: http://sfwater.org. No information other than the financial statements for the San Francisco Clean Water Program is incorporated by reference herein.

#### Conclusion

This Statement has been executed and delivered on behalf of the Board pursuant to the Continuing Disclosure Agreement.

Dated: January 30, 2007

STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD

Bv:

James B. Maughan ssistant Division Chief

#### CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND Sacramento, California

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS and REPORTS REQUIRED BY THE SINGLE AUDIT ACT AMENDMENTS OF 1996

June 30, 2006 and 2005

#### **Table of Contents**

	PAGE
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	111
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statements of Net Assets	1
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets	
Statements of Cash Flows	
Notes to Financial Statements	
REPORTS REQUIRED BY THE SINGLE AUDIT ACT AMENDMENTS	
OF 1996	18
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	19
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial	
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an	
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	21
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements	
Applicable to the Major Program and on Internal Control Over	
Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	23
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	
Corrective Action Plan	
Prior Audit Findings	20



#### Independent Auditor's Report

California State Water Resources Control Board Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund Sacramento, California

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund as of and for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1 - Definition of Reporting Entity, the basic financial statements of the California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund are intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position and cash flows of only that portion of the financial reporting entity of the California State Water Resources Control Board that is attributable to the transactions of the California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund. They do not purport to, and do not present fairly, the financial position of the California State Water Resources Control Board or the State of California as of June 30, 2006 and 2005, and the changes in their financial position and their cash flows, where applicable, for the years then ended, in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund as of June 30, 2006 and 2005, and the changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

6399 S. Fiddler's Green Circle Suite 100 Greenwood Village, Colorado 80111 tel: (303) 779-5710 fax: (303) 779-0348



In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 8, 2006 on our consideration of California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages III through IX is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Greenwood Village, Colorado

Clifton Gunderson LLP

September 8, 2006

#### California State Water Resources Control Board Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund State Revolving Fund Program

#### Management's Discussion & Analysis

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis is a required supplement to the California State Water Resources Control Board's (Board), Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund (State Revolving Fund program) (SRF) financial statements. It describes and analyzes the financial position of the SRF providing an overview of the SRF's activities for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with information that is in the financial statements and notes, which follow this section.

#### Financial Highlights

- In 2006, net assets increased by \$101 million to a total of \$2.3 billion as compared to an increase of \$114 million in 2005.
- Total capital contributions were \$56.9 million as compared to \$73.2 million in 2005. The decrease of \$16.3 million is due to decreased utilization of U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) capitalization grants. The \$73.2 million in 2005 was an increase of \$25 million when compared to 2004. This increase was primarily due to increased utilization of U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) capitalization grants.
- Restricted portion of net assets decreased by \$79 million in 2006 to \$667 million as compared to a decrease of \$40 million in 2005. This was due to decreases in notes receivable for loans pledged to the Series 2002 Revenue Bonds as a result of repayments received during 2005 and 2006, and the related debt service payments made on the Series 2002 Revenue bonds.
- As a result of the disbursement of the unspent revenue bond proceeds, there is a decrease in restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$21 million for 2006 as compared to a decrease of \$31 million in 2005 for the same purpose.
- Notes receivable decreased by \$12 million to \$2.12 billion in 2006 as compared to an increase of \$99 million in 2005. Notes receivable increases when loan funds are disbursed and decreases when loan principal payments are received. The decrease in 2006 is the result of smaller distributions of the remaining EPA grant funds and revenue bond proceeds when compared to 2005.

#### Using this Annual Financial Report

The financial statements included in this annual financial report are those of the SRF. As discussed in Note 1, Definition of Reporting Entity, the basic financial statements of the SRF are intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position and cash flows of only that portion of the financial reporting entity of the Board that is attributable to the transactions of the SRF. They do not purport to present the financial position of the California State Water Resources Control Board or the State of California as of June 30, 2006 and 2005 and the change in their financial positions and their cash flows for the years then ended.

#### **Overview of Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is an introduction to the SRF financial statements and accompanying notes to financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information.

The financial statements of the SRF are presented as a special purpose government engaged only in business type activities - providing loans to other governmental entities. The statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the SRF's financial position, which assists the reader in assessing the SRF's economic condition at the end of the fiscal year. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The financial statements include the following three statements:

- The Statements of Net Assets present information on all of the SRF's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets are expected to serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the SRF is improving or deteriorating.
- The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets present information which reflects how the SRF's net assets changed during the past year. All changes in the net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.
- The Statements of Cash Flows report the SRF's cash flows from operating activities, non-capital financing activities, and investing activities.

The Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. These notes can be found immediately following the financial statements.

#### **Net Assets**

The SRF's net assets increased by \$101 million or 4.6 %, to \$2.29 billion at June 30, 2006, as compared to an increase of \$114 million or 5.5% the previous year indicating a continued strong financial position.

The current portion of the SRF's liabilities was \$27.6 million in 2006 and \$27.4 million in 2005. Current liabilities primarily reflect continuing principal payments for the Series 2002 Revenue Bonds. Noncurrent liabilities reflect decreases of \$24.2 million in 2006 and \$23.6 million in 2005, which corresponds to those same bond principal payments.

A segment of the SRF's net assets are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The amounts of net assets that are restricted have decreased in 2006 by \$79 million to \$667 million or 10.6%, as compared to a decrease in 2005 of \$40 million to \$746 million or 5.1%.

Of the total restricted net assets, \$627 million in 2006 and \$690 million in 2005 represent the balance of outstanding loans that were pledged as security to Series 2002 Revenue Bonds debt service. The principal and interest received during the fiscal year from these loans is used to make the semi-annual debt service payments on the revenue bonds. The restricted portion of net assets will continue to decline as the pledged loans are repaid, and the corresponding debt service payments are made on the Series 2002 Revenue Bonds. In 2006, the SRF received a total of \$82.2 million (\$62.7 of principal and \$19.5 million of interest) on these loans; the debt service payment was \$33.5 million (\$11.3 million of interest and \$22.2 million of principal). In 2005, the SRF received a total of \$84.8 million (\$63 million of principal and \$21.8 million of interest); the debt service payment was \$33.4 million (\$12 million of interest and \$21.4 million of principal).

The remaining \$40 million of restricted net assets in 2006 and \$56.5 million in 2005 represent pledged loan repayments, which are restricted for future debt service payments. Any excess of principal and interest received over the required debt service will be released from restriction as debt service payments are issued.

Table 1						
Net Assets		<del></del> -	-			
(in thousands)						
		<del></del>		June 30,	·	
		2006		2005		2004
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	404,883	\$	318,323	\$	329,962
Loans receivable	-	2,120,398		2,132,450		2,033,109
All other assets		37,652		34,946		_31,897
Total assets		2,562,933		2,485,719		2,394,968
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities		27,573		27,413		26,792
Noncurrent liabilities		240,551		264,752		288,384
Total liabilities	- · <del>-</del>	268,124		292,165		315,176
NET ASSETS						
Restricted						
Debt service		39,978		56,475		33,518
Security for revenue bonds	_	627,303		690,022		752,717
Subtotal restricted assets	" <del>"</del>	667,281		746,497		786,235
Unrestricted		1,627,528		1,447,057		1,293,557
Total net assets	\$	2,294,809	\$	2,193,554	\$	2,079,792

#### Changes in Net Assets

Program revenue was \$50.4 million, which is an increase of \$2.5 million or 5.2% in 2006, of which \$18.7 million was restricted for debt service. In 2005, program revenue was \$47.9 million, an increase of \$1.1 million or 2.3%, of which \$20.4 million was restricted for debt service. The continued increase in loan interest revenue is a result of an increase in loan repayments and is a general indication of the continued growth of the SRF program.

General revenue increased by \$7 million or 96% in 2006 and by \$2.4 million or 50% in 2005. The fluctuation in investment income is the product of various factors such as changes in the Surplus Money Investment Fund (SMIF) interest rate from year to year, and interest earned from the undistributed portion of the Series 2002 revenue bonds and loan repayments.

Total expenses increased \$ 5.7 million in 2006 and decreased by \$0.5 million in 2005. This increase was primarily due to the program resuming making new loan commitments and recording an allowance for bad debt.

The total capital contributions to the SRF decreased by \$16.2 million or 22.2% in 2006 from prior year, while contributions in 2005 increased by \$25.6 million or 54%. The SRF program receives federal capital contributions from the EPA to fund loans and the State of California (State) is required to match 20% of this contribution. The decrease in capital contributions in 2006 is primarily due to decreased utilization of U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) capitalization grants. The increase in capital contributions in 2005 denotes the resumption of larger federal draws to fund new loans now that the 2002 Series Revenue Bond proceeds are largely disbursed.

During 2006, administrative expenses were \$4.02 million, which has remained consistent with administrative expenses of \$4.1 million in 2005 and \$4.09 million in 2004.

Table 2

		•
2006	2005	2004
		-
\$ 50,390	\$ 47,907	\$ 46,810
14,350	7,311	4,877
64,740	55,218	51,687
4.022	4,100	4,088
<del>-</del>	-	_
•	10,424	10,923
,	,	,
107	114	120
20,427	14,638	15,131
44,313	40,580	36,556
43,910	64,450	40,206
13,032	8,732	7,322
56,942	73,182	47,528
101,255	113,762	84,084
2,193,554	2,079,792_	1,995,708
\$ 2,294,809	\$ 2,193,554	\$ 2,079,792
	\$ 50,390 14,350 64,740 4,022 6,486 9,812 107 20,427 44,313 43,910 13,032 56,942 101,255 2,193,554	\$ 50,390 \$ 47,907  \[ \frac{14,350}{64,740} \] \[ \frac{7,311}{55,218} \]  \[ \frac{4,022}{6,486} \] \[ \frac{107}{20,427} \] \[ \frac{114}{14,638} \]  \[ \frac{43,910}{13,032} \] \[ \frac{64,450}{13,032} \] \[ \frac{8732}{73,182} \]  \[ \frac{101,255}{113,762} \]  \[ \frac{20,79,792}{2,079,792} \]

#### **Budgetary Information**

Under the California constitution, money may only be drawn from the treasury by a legal appropriation. The State Legislature authorized the SRF to operate under a continuous appropriation. Continuous appropriation authority means that no further appropriations are necessary to expend all funds deposited into the SRF. This has the effect of allowing funds to be expended as soon as they are deposited into the SRF rather than waiting for appropriation authority. Since the funds in the SRF can only be used for limited purposes, the continuous appropriation authority allows for expeditious expenditure of funds and maximizes the benefits to local entities.

#### **Debt Administration**

The Board administers a leveraged SRF program. The Board maintains a high bond rating from Fitch (AAA), Moody's Investors Service (Aaa), and Standard and Poor's Ratings Services (AAA) on its Revenue Bonds, Series 2002. Outstanding bonds at June 30, 2006 total \$264 million, a decrease of \$23 million, compared to \$287 million last year as shown in Table 3. Outstanding bonds at June 30, 2005 total \$287 million a decrease of \$23 million compared to \$310 million in the prior year as shown in Table 3. These decreases are due to amortization of the bond premium and the payment of the scheduled bond principal repayments. Those bonds were issued in August 2002 for the purpose of financing a portion of the SRF loans administered by the Board by providing financial assistance to local governments for water pollution control projects. Proceeds from the bonds provide funding for the issuance of additional revolving fund loans by the SRF. Those revenue bonds are backed by a pledge of specific revenue for which the annual collections are generally predictable.

Additional information on the SRF long-term debt can be found in Note 5, Long-Term Debt.

	_			
	J	une 30,		
2006	2005		2004	
\$ 256,390	\$	278,575	\$	300,000
7,562		8,873		10,267
\$ 263,952	\$	287,448	\$	310,267
\$ <u>\$</u>	\$ 256,390 7,562	\$ 256,390 \$ 7,562	\$ 256,390 \$ 278,575 7,562 8,873	2006     2005       \$ 256,390     \$ 278,575       7,562     8,873

#### **Economic Conditions and Outlook**

The SRF program activity remained stable, with revenues continuing to sufficiently support expenses. Because each SRF loan recipient must pledge one or more dedicated sources of revenue toward repayment of its SRF loan, timely repayment of all loans is expected. These dedicated sources of revenue can be sewer rate revenue pledges, general tax pledges or other contractual income, most of which are not greatly affected by the above mentioned economic factors.

The SRF financial statements for 2006 include an allowance for bad debt. This allowance recognizes the present status of a case between the Board and a loan recipient which is currently pending in the California Superior Court. The Board intends to vigorously pursue all legal means to recover the funds disbursed to the recipient and anticipates the recovery of all funds.

For the grant year 2006, the EPA has allocated \$46.4 million to the State. The 2006 grant allocation for 2006 decreased by \$36.3 million as compared to the 2005 grant allocation of \$82.7 million. The Fund has already applied for this 2006 capitalization grant and was awarded the grant on July 3, 2006. The required matching State funds are also expected to be available to the Fund.

The Board is looking at the availability of funds in the future to administer the SRF program. To date, the Board has relied on the four percent administrative allowance from EPA capitalization grants for the funds to administer the SRF. The 2006 grant allocation is \$46.4 million, less than half of the approximately \$95 million annual grant awards for the prior four years. Furthermore, recent indications from EPA are that grants will continue to decrease in the future, and possibly be eliminated by 2011. Due to the potential reductions in future capitalization grants, the Board is exploring various options, including seeking a change in State law to allow a portion of the loan repayments to be used for administrative costs, ensuring sufficient funds are available to administer the SRF program.

The Board resumed making loan commitments to projects in September 2005 after a suspension of approximately 20 months. The voters of California will be asked to approve Proposition 84, the Safe Drinking Water, Water Quality and Supply, Flood Control, River and Coastal Protection Bond Act of 2006, at the November 7, 2006, statewide general election. Proposition 84, if approved, will provide \$80 million in state matching funds for the SRF program. The Board is also pursuing a second bond sale to provide additional funds for projects and to ensure stable and continuous funding of loans. The Board approved the sale of an additional \$300 million in revenue bonds at its September 22, 2005, meeting. The Board is working with its financial advisors to schedule the sale of additional revenue bonds.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide interested parties with a general overview of the SRF finances. Questions concerning the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Mr. Jerrel Bolds, Manager, Accounting Division, Division of Administrative Services, P.O. Box 100, Sacramento, California 95812.



# CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS

#### June 30, 2006 and 2005

(in thousands)

(III the abanas)		
	2006	2005
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 328,541	\$ 221,182
Cash and cash equivalents - Restricted	76,342	97,141
Receivables:		
Loan interest	28,254	26,568
Investment interest	4,560	2,215
Due from other funds and other governments	4,218	5,436
Loans receivable:		
Current portion	72,268	53,644
Current portion - Restricted	58,300	62,434
Unamortized revenue bond issuance costs	101	107
Total current assets	572,584	468,727
OTHER ASSETS		,
Noncurrent unamortized revenue bond issuance costs	519	620
Loans receivable:		
Noncurrent (net of allowance for bad debt)	1,420,827	1,388,784
Noncurrent - Restricted	569,003	627,588
Total other assets	1,990,349	2,016,992
TOTAL ASSETS	2,562,933	2,485,719
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		<del></del> _
CURRENT LIABILITIES	•	
Revenue bond interest payable	2,739	2,906
Deferred revenue	126	137
Due to other funds	631	873
Revenue bonds payable	24,077	23,497
Total current liabilities	27,573	27,413
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	<del></del> -	<del></del>
Deferred revenue	676	801
Revenue bonds payable	239,875	263,951
Total noncurrent liabilities	240,551	264,752
Total liabilities	268,124	292,165
NET ASSETS	<del></del>	<del></del>
Restricted for:		
Debt service	39,978	56,475
Security for revenue bonds	627,303	690,022
Unrestricted	1,627,528	1,447,057
Total net assets	\$ 2,294,809	\$ 2,193,554
		-,-,-,-

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

# CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Years Ended June 30, 2006 and 2005

(in thousands)

	2006	2005	
. OPERATING REVENUE			
Loan interest income	\$ 50,390	\$ 47,907	
Total operating revenue	50,390	47,907	
1 -3			
OPERATING EXPENSES		•	
Personnel services	2,503	2,464	
Other expenses	1,498	1,618	
Bad debt allowance expense	6,486	-	
Total operating expenses	10,487	4,082	
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	39,903	43,825	
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)			
Net investment income	14,350	7,311	
Revenue bond interest expense	(9,812)	(10,424)	
Bond fees	(21)	(18)	
Amortization of revenue bond issuance costs	(107)	(114)	
Total nonoperating (expense)	4,410	(3,245)	
INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS	44,313	40,580	
CONTRIBUTIONS			
EPA capitalization grant	43,910	64,450	
State match revenue	10,049	8,732	
Other State contributions	2,983	*	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	101,255	113,762	
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,193,554	2,079,792	
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$2,294,809	\$2,193,554	

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

# CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

#### Years Ended June 30, 2006 and 2005

(in thousands)

		2006		2005
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from interest on loans	\$	46,584	\$	44,526
Loans disbursed		(118,568)		(211,981)
Principal received on loans receivable		129,100		114,845
Cash paid to employees and vendors		(4,245)		(3,943)
Cash flows provided (required) from operating activities		52,871		(56,553)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Funds received from EPA capitalization grant		45,095		63,476
Funds received from the State of California		10,084		8,592
Bond fees paid		(21)		(18)
Principal paid on revenue bonds		(22,185)		(21,425)
Interest paid on revenue bonds		(11,290)		(12,007)
Cash flows provided by noncapital financing activities		21,683		38,618
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		_		
Net investment income received		12,006		6,296
Net cash provided by investing activities		12,006		6,296
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND				
CASH EQUIVALENTS		86,560		(11,639)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		318,323		329,962
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	404,883		318,323
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (required)				
by operating activities				
Income from operations	\$	39,903	\$	43,825
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash	•	0,7,7,00	•	, <b>,</b> , , <del>,</del> , ,
provided (required) by operating activities		•		
Construction period interest		(1,983)		(2,023)
Amortization of deferred revenue		(135)		(144)
Effect of changes in operating assets and liabilities:				( )
Loans receivable		17,013		(97,316)
Loan interest receivable		(1,685)		(1,034)
Due to other funds		(242)		139
Total adjustments		12,968		(100,378)
Net cash provided (required) by operating activities	-\$	52,871	-\$	(56,553)
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS		,	<u> </u>	( , )
Loans receivable contributed	\$	2,983	\$	· _

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

June 30, 2006 and 2005

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

#### **NOTE 1 - DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY**

The California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund (Fund) was established pursuant to Title VI of the Federal Clean Water Act of 1987 (Act). The Act established the State Revolving Fund (SRF) program to replace the construction grants program to provide loans at reduced interest rates to finance the construction of publicly owned water pollution control facilities, non-point source pollution control projects, and estuary management plans. Instead of making grants to communities that pay for a portion of building wastewater treatment facilities, the SRF provides for low interest loans to finance the entire cost of qualifying projects. The SRF provides a flexible financing source that can be used for a variety of pollution control projects, including non-point source pollution control projects, and developing estuary conservation and management plans. Loans made must be repaid within 20 years and all repayments, including interest and principal, must remain in the Fund.

Since 1989, the Fund has been capitalized by a series of grants from the U.S Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). States are required to provide matching funds equal to 20 percent of the Federal capitalization grant amount in order to receive the grants from the EPA. As of June 30, 2006 and 2005, the EPA has awarded cumulative capitalization grant funding of \$1,791,773 and \$1,709,107, respectively to the State of California (State), for which the State is required to provide \$358,355 and \$341,821, respectively, of cumulative matching funding to the Fund.

The Fund is administered by the California State Water Resources Control Board (Board), a part of the California Environmental Protection Agency, through the Division of Financial Services (Program). The Board's primary responsibilities with the SRF include obtaining capitalization grants from the EPA, soliciting potential interested parties, negotiating loan agreements with local communities, reviewing and approving payment requests from loan recipients, managing the loan repayments, and conducting inspection and engineering reviews to ensure compliance with all applicable laws, regulations, and program requirements. The Board consists of five member positions, which are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate.

The Board administers the SRF program by charging the Fund for time spent on SRF activities by employees of the Board, and the Fund reimburses the State's Fund for such costs in the following month. The charges include the salaries and benefits of the employees, as well as indirect costs allocated to the Fund based on direct salary costs. Employees charging time to the Fund are covered by the benefits available to State employees. The Fund is also charged indirect costs through the cost allocation plan for general State expenses.

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

#### **NOTE 1 - DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)**

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Fund follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The activities of the Fund are included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as an enterprise fund using the accrual basis of accounting.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Fund conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to a governmental unit accounted for as a proprietary enterprise fund. The enterprise fund is used since the Fund's powers are related to those operated in a manner similar to a for profit business where an increase in net assets is an appropriate determination of accountability.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The Fund's records are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred. Assets and liabilities associated with the operations of the Fund are included in the Statements of Net Assets.

The Fund has elected to follow Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements as well as statements issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board on or before November 30, 1989, unless the pronouncements conflict with or contradict Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements.

June 30, 2006 and 2005

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Operating Revenues and Expenses**

The Fund distinguishes between operating revenues and expenses and nonoperating items in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from carrying out the purpose of the Fund of providing low interest loans to communities and providing assistance for prevention programs and administration. Operating revenues consist of loan interest repayments from borrowers. Operating expenses include direct salary costs and benefits expenses, allocated indirect costs and an allowance for bad debt. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses or capital contributions.

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, monies received from the EPA and the State are recorded as capital contributions. In certain circumstances, local communities have contributed the State's matching share in exchange for reduced interest rate loans, as discussed in Note 4.

#### **Budgets**

Under the California constitution, money may only be drawn from the Treasury by legal appropriation. The State Legislature authorized the SRF to operate under a continuous appropriation. Continuous appropriation authority means that no further appropriations are necessary to expend all funds deposited into the SRF. Therefore, the Fund operations are not included in California's annual budget.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Nearly all monies of the Fund are deposited with the California State Treasurer's office, which is responsible for maintaining these deposits in accordance with California State law. The Fund considers all such deposits to be cash equivalents. According to State law, the Treasurer is responsible for maintaining the cash balances and investing excess cash of the Fund, as discussed in Note 3. Consequently, management of the Fund does not have any control over the investment of the excess cash. Investment earnings on these deposits are received quarterly. The statement of cash flows considers all funds deposited with the Treasurer to be cash or cash equivalents, regardless of actual maturities of the underlying investments.

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Loans Receivable

Loans are funded by capitalization grants from the EPA, State matching funds, local contributions, revenue bond proceeds, loan repayments and fund earnings. Loans are advanced to local agencies on a cost reimbursement basis. Interest is calculated from the date that funds are advanced. After the final disbursement has been made, the loan agreement is adjusted for the actual amounts disbursed and interest accrued during the project period (Construction Period Interest). Loans are amortized over periods up to 20 years. Loan repayments must begin within one year of construction completion or one year from the initial loan disbursement, depending upon the type of loan agreement, and are made on an annual basis.

#### Revenue Bond Issue Costs and Original Issue Premium

Revenue bond issue costs and original issue premium are being amortized over the term of the bonds using the interest method.

#### Reclassifications

For comparability, certain 2005 amounts have been reclassified where appropriate to conform to the 2006 financial statement presentation.

#### **NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

The California State Treasurer's Office administers a pooled investment program for the State. This program enables the State Treasurer's Office to combine available cash from all funds and to invest cash that exceeds current needs. The necessary disclosures for the State's pooled investment program are included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the State of California.

Nearly all monies of the Fund are deposited with the State Treasurer's Office and are considered to be cash equivalents. The Treasurer is responsible for maintaining the cash balances in accordance with California laws, and excess cash is invested in California's Surplus Money Investment Fund, which is part of the Pooled Money Investment Account. The Treasurer is required to maintain a mix of investment portfolios in order to allow funds to be withdrawn at any time to meet normal operating needs, without prior notice or penalty.

June 30, 2006 and 2005

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

#### **NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)**

The investments allowed by State statute, bond resolutions and investment policy resolutions restrict investments of the pooled investment program to investments in U.S. Government securities, negotiable certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, corporate bonds, bank notes, mortgage loans and notes, other debt securities, repurchase agreements, reverse repurchase agreements, equity securities, real estate, mutual funds, and other investments. The Fund's proportionate share of the investment income, based on the average daily balance for the period, is credited to the Fund quarterly. The Treasurer charges all funds of the State an administrative fee, which reduces the interest earned by each fund. All cash and investments are stated at fair value. Details of the investments can be obtained from the State Treasurer's Office.

At June 30, 2006 and 2005, the Fund's cash deposits had a carrying balance of \$6 and \$4, respectively.

Investments held by the State Treasurer are stated at fair value.

Investments	2006	2005
Treasury/Trust Portfolio	\$ 404,877	\$ 318,319
Total cash deposits and investments	\$ 404,883	\$ 318,323

The State Treasurer is responsible for investing funds of the Treasury/Trust Portfolio and managing the credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency credit risk of the Portfolio. Refer to the State's Pooled Investments disclosure in the June 30, 2006 and 2005, Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for disclosure related to the risks applicable to the Portfolio.

Cash deposits and investments are reflected on the June 30, 2006 and 2005 statement of net assets as follows:

	2006	2005
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 328,541	\$ 221,182
Cash and cash equivalents - Restricted	76,342	97,141
Total cash deposits and investments	\$ 404,883	\$ 318,323

June 30, 2006 and 2005 (Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

#### **NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)**

Cash and investments in the amount of \$19,460 and \$23,761, representing unspent revenue bonds proceeds and investment earnings, at June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, were restricted for future loan disbursements. Additionally, cash and investments in the amount of \$56,882 and \$73,380, representing various reserve accounts required by the revenue bonds, at June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, were restricted for debt service.

#### **NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE**

Loans are made to qualified agencies for projects that meet the eligibility requirements of the Federal Clean Water Act of 1987. Loans are financed with capitalization grants, state match, local contributions, revenue bond proceeds and revolving loan funds. Interest rates vary between 1.8 and 4.0 percent and are generally repaid over 20 years starting one year after the project is completed. Interest rates are established in the original loan agreements and are 50 percent of the State's General Obligation Bond Rate at the time the loan commitment is made, except for the local match loans. Interest earned during the construction period is calculated from the date funds are disbursed until the project is completed.

As of June 30, 2006 and 2005, the Fund had total binding loan commitments of \$3,536,707 and \$3,026,166, respectively, since inception of the Fund. The remaining commitment on these loans as of June 30, 2006 and 2005 amounted to \$470,276 and \$120,114, respectively.

At June 30, 2006 and 2005 the unpaid balance on all loans receivable outstanding amounted to \$2,120,398 and \$2,132,450, respectively.

June 30, 2006 and 2005

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

#### **NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)**

Estimated maturities of the loans receivable, and interest payments thereon, at June 30, 2006 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		interest	st Prin		 Total
2007	\$	44,108	S	130,568	\$ 174,676
2008		41,112		123,140	164,252
2009		37,962		125,437	163,399
2010		34,789		127,008	161,797
2011		31,550		129,947	161,497
2012-2016		111,111		588,151	699,262
2017-2021		47,330		458,619	505,949
2022-2026		6,768		163,703	170,471
Total	S	354,730		1,846,573	\$ 2,201,303
Loans not yet in repayment				280,311	
Allowance for bad debt				_(6,486)	
Total loans receivable			\$.	2,120,398	

#### **Restricted Loans Receivable**

At June 30, 2006 and 2005, \$627,303 and \$690,022, respectively, of loans receivable were pledged as security for the revenue bonds outstanding (see Note 5). The principal and interest received during the fiscal year from these loans is to be used to make the annual debt service payments on the revenue bonds. During the year ended June 30, 2006 the Fund received \$62,719 and \$19,478 of principal and interest, respectively, on these loans, and during the year ended June 30, 2005, the Fund received \$63,041 and \$21,788 of principal and interest, respectively, on these loans. Any excess of the principal and interest received over the debt service payments required and the required debt service reserve accounts may be released from restriction upon request of the Fund in the event certain requirements are met.

#### **Local Match Loans**

The Fund offers the option of obtaining reduced interest rate loans. In order to obtain one of these loans, the local agency must provide the State's matching share of the loan, generally one-sixth or 16.7 percent of the total loan amount. The borrower then repays 100 percent of the loan, including the amount reflected as State matching funds, over a period of twenty years. Borrowers also have the option of remitting the State share of the loan to the Fund when the loan is awarded or paying the State share as the project progresses.

June 30, 2006 and 2005

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

#### **NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)**

For loans where the borrower elects to remit the State's match to the Fund at the time the loan is awarded, the amounts remitted are recorded as deferred revenue and are amortized over the life of the loan. For the loans in which the borrowers repay the Fund over 20 years, the Fund considers a portion of such loans to be a loan origination fee. Such fees are amortized over the life of the loan as an adjustment to the stated interest rate. The imputed interest rate on these loans is approximately 1.8 percent.

As of June 30, 2006 and 2005, the Fund had authorized a total of \$1,243,206 and \$986,721, respectively, of reduced interest rate loans. From these authorizations, certain borrowers elected to remit the State match at the time the loan was awarded in the amount of \$2,296 as of June 30, 2006 and 2005. The remaining borrowers elected to repay the State match over a period of 20 years, in the amount of \$161,505 and \$154,031 as of June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. As of June 30, 2006 and 2005, total local match loans outstanding amounted to \$702,951 and \$698,431, respectively, and the remaining State match to be repaid amounted to \$120,206 and \$124,626, respectively.

#### Loans to Major Local Agencies

The Fund has made loans to the following major local agencies. The aggregate outstanding loan balances for each of these agencies exceeds 5 percent of total loans receivable. The combined outstanding loan balances at June 30, 2006 and 2005 of these major local agencies represent approximately 34 and 35 percent, respectively, of the total loans receivable and are as follows:

	2006					2005	
		uthorized Loan	Ou	itstanding Loan	Οι	itstanding Loan	
Borrower	Amount Balance		Balance	Balance.			
Los Angeles County Sanitation District	\$	437,206	. \$	322,652	\$	330,597	
City of Los Angeles		180,000		143,704		149,999	
City and County of San Francisco		281,855		118,869		134,783	
City of Santa Rosa		158,686		132,647	_	139,440	
	\$	1,057,747	\$	717,872	\$	754,819	

June 30, 2006 and 2005

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

#### **NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT**

The detail of the Fund's long-term debt is as follows:

		3 alance une 30, 2005	Iss	iances	. Reti	rements		Salance une 30, 2006		Due Vithin 1e Year
Series 2002 Revenue Bonds:										
Bond principal	S	278,575	\$	-	\$	22,185	\$	256,390	\$	22,850
Bond premium		_8,873		-		1,311		7,562		1,227_
		287,448	S	-	\$	23,496		263,952	S	24,077
Less current portion:										<del></del>
Bond principal		(22,185)						(22,850)		
Bond premium amortization		(1,312)						(1,227)		
Long-term portion	S	263,951					\$	239,875		
		Balance une 30, 2004	Issi	iances				Salance une 30,	V	Due Vithin
				- Luite	Reti	rements		2005	<u>O</u> 1	ne Year
Series 2002 Revenue Bonds:					Reti	rements		2005	O <sub>1</sub>	ie Year
Series 2002 Revenue Bonds: Bond principal	\$	300,000	s	-	Reti	21,425	<u> </u>	278,575	<u>O</u> 1	22,185
	\$	300,000 10,267	s	-			s			22,185
Bond principal	\$		s 	-		21,425	s 	278,575		
Bond principal	\$	10,267			\$	21,425 1,394	s 	278,575 8,873	\$ 	22,185 1,312
Bond principal Bond premium	\$	10,267		-	\$	21,425 1,394	\$	278,575 8,873	\$ 	22,185 1,312
Bond principal Bond premium Less current portion:	\$	10,267 310,267		-	\$	21,425 1,394	\$	278,575 8,873 287,448	\$ 	22,185 1,312

On August 7, 2002, the Fund issued \$300,000 of California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank, Clean Water State Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds, Series 2002, dated August 1, 2002, with interest of 3% to 5%. These serial bonds are due annually in varying amounts through 2018. The interest on the bonds is due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. The bonds maturing on or after October 1, 2013 are subject to redemption prior to their respective stated maturities at the option of the Fund on any date on or after October 1, 2012 without call premium. The bonds were issued to provide funding for the issuance of additional revolving fund loans by the Fund.

June 30, 2006 and 2005

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

#### NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

At the time of issuance of the revenue bonds by the Fund, the Fund pledged in excess of \$850,000 of outstanding loans receivable of the Fund as security for the bonds (see Note 4). The principal and interest received during the fiscal year from these loans is to be used to make the annual debt service payments on the revenue bonds. Any excess of the principal and interest received over the debt service payments required and the required debt service reserve accounts may be released from restriction upon request of the Fund in the event certain requirements are met.

The Fund's long-term debt will mature as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2007	\$ 22,850	\$ 10,589	\$ 33,439
2008	23,585	9,773	33,358
2009	22,930	8,963	31,893
2010	23,655	8,103	31,758
2011	24,390	7,066	31,456
2012-2016	102,150	19,937	122,087
2017-2019	36,830	2,433	39,263
	\$ 256,390	\$ 66,864	\$ 323,254

#### **NOTE 6 - CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS**

The Fund is capitalized by annual grants from the EPA. The State must also contribute an amount equal to 20 percent of the federal capitalization amount. The State's matching contribution has been provided through the appropriation of State resources as well as through the use of loans from the Water Reclamation program. All funds drawn are recorded as non-operating revenue from the EPA and the State. As of June 30, 2006 and 2005, the EPA has awarded cumulative capitalization grants of \$1,791,773 and \$1,709,107, respectively, to the State, of which \$1,593,114 and \$1,549,204, respectively, has been drawn, cumulatively, for loans and administrative expenses. The State has provided matching funds of \$266,781 and \$253,749, respectively.

### CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2006 and 2005 (Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

### **NOTE 6 - CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED)**

As discussed in Note 4, certain borrowers have contributed a portion of the State's required 20 percent match in exchange for reduced interest rate loans. The EPA allows the State to include amounts provided by borrowers under certain local matching loans in meeting the State's statutory matching obligation. As of June 30, 2006 and 2005, the borrowers had contributed \$163,802 and \$156,327, respectively, which may potentially qualify as meeting the State's matching requirement.

Table I summarizes the EPA capitalization grants awarded, amounts drawn on each grant as of June 30, 2006 and 2005, and balances available for future loans as of June 30, 2006. Table 2 summarizes the state match amounts paid by the state and local entities as of June 30, 2006 and 2005. The state match required as of June 30, 2006 is \$318,623. The state match available for potential future state match as of June 30, 2006, is \$108,887.

**TABLE 1** 

Year	Grant Award	Funds Drawn As of June 30, 2004	I I J	Funds Drawn During Year Ended une 30,	Funds Drawn As of June 30, 2005	· 1	Funds Drawn During Year Ended une 30,	Funds Drawn As of June 30, 2006	fo J	vailable r Loans as of une 30, 2006
1989-2000	\$ 1,329,586	\$ 1,329,586	\$	-	\$ 1,329,586	\$	-	\$ 1,329,586	\$	-
2001	95,135	94,816		319	95,135		-	95,135		-
2002	95,126	60,352		34,754	95,106		20	95,126		-
2003	94,647	-		29,377	29,377		43,090	72,467		22,180
2004	94,613	-		-	-		800	800		93,813
2005	<u>82,</u> 666	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	-					82,666
	\$ 1,791,773	\$ 1,484,754	\$	64,450	\$ 1,549,204	\$	43,910	\$ 1,593,114	\$	198,659

### CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2006 and 2005

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

### NOTE 6 - CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED)

### TABLE 2

State Match Paid As of June 30, 2004		State Match Paid During Year Ended June 30, 2005		State Match Paid As of June 30, 2005		State Match Paid During Year Ended June 30, 2006		State Match Paid As of June 30, 2006		
State Disbursed	\$	245,017	S	8,732	\$.	253,749	\$	13,032	\$	266,781
Local Disbursed		143,216	1	13,111		156,327		7,475		163,802
•	\$	388,233	\$	21,843	<u>\$</u>	410,076	\$	20,507	S	430,583

### **Restricted Funds**

State matching funds for the 1993 capitalization grant and portions of the 1994 and 1995 capitalization grants were provided by the transfer of \$34,316 of outstanding loans and loan interest earned from California Water Reclamation Loan Fund. In 2006, an additional \$3,545 of outstanding loans and loan interest was transferred to the Fund for future match requirements. Repayments of these loans are restricted for future water reclamation loans that are eligible under the SRF program.

### **NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Fund participates in the State of California's Risk Management Program. The State has elected, with a few exceptions, to be self-insured against loss or liability. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. In addition, settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in the last three fiscal years. Refer to the State's Risk Management disclosure in the June 30, 2006 and 2005, Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports.

### CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2006 and 2005

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

### **NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLAN**

### Plan Description

All of the employees of the Fund participate in the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which is included in the State of California's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as a pension trust fund. CalPERS administers the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF). PERF is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Departments and agencies within the State of California, including the Fund, are in a cost-sharing arrangement in which all risks and costs are shared proportionately by participating State agencies. CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for this plan. This report may be obtained by writing California Public Employees' Retirement System, Central Supply, P.O. Box 942715, Sacramento, California 94229-2715.

The pension plan provides retirement benefits, survivor benefits, and death and disability benefits based upon the employee's years of credited service, age and final compensation. Vesting occurs after five or ten years of credited services depending on the benefit tier. Employees who retire at or after age 50 with five or more years of service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for the remainder of their lives. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by State statute.

### **Funding Policy**

The Fund is required to contribute the actuarially determined remaining amounts necessary to fund the benefits for its members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the PERF Board of Administration. The required contribution rates for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, were 15.942% and 17.022%, respectively, for State Miscellaneous First Tier and 15.890% and 13.216%, respectively, for State Miscellaneous Second Tier. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute and the employer contribution rate is established and may be amended by CalPERS.

Contributions, annual pension costs and trend information attributable to employees of the Fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, are not determinable at the Fund level. However, this information is reported at a statewide level in the State of California's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

### CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2006 and 2005

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

### NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

### Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pension

In addition to the pension benefits provided by the State, the State also provides post-retirement health care benefits, in accordance with Section 22754(g) of the State Government Code, to all employees who retire from the State on or after attaining certain age and length of service requirements. The post-retirement health care benefits are funded by the State's General Fund on a pay-as-you-go basis.

### **NOTE 9 - NET ASSETS**

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 provides for three components of net assets: invested in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted and unrestricted.

As of June 30, 2006 and 2005, the Fund had no net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

Restricted net assets include net assets that are restricted for use, either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At June 30, 2006 and 2005, the Fund had restricted net assets of \$39,978 and \$56,475, respectively, representing amounts received from borrower loan repayments on pledged loans, which are restricted for future bond debt service payments and \$627,303 and \$690,022, respectively, representing loans receivable pledged as security for the revenue bonds (see Note 5).

Unrestricted net assets consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of invested in capital assets, net of related debt or restricted. Although the Fund reports unrestricted net assets on the face of the statements of net assets, unrestricted net assets are to be used by the Fund for the payment of obligations incurred by the Fund in carrying out its statutory powers and duties and are to remain in the Fund.

#### **NOTE 10 – LITIGATION**

There is one lawsuit pending in regard to the Fund in which the Board is involved. Board management and its legal counsel estimate that the potential claims against the Board not covered by the State of California's Risk Management Program resulting from such litigation would be insignificant. Therefore, the pending litigation has no financial implication to the Fund.

This information is an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

### REPORTS REQUIRED BY THE SINGLE AUDIT ACT AMENDMENTS OF 1996

# CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2006

Grantor and Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Direct Programs:		
Capitalization Grants for State Revolving Funds	66.458	\$ 43,909,629 (*)

<sup>(\*)</sup> Tested as a Major Program

### CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2006

### **NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations.

### **NOTE 2 - LOANS TO SUBRECIPIENTS**

Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Fund CFDA# 66.458 include \$40,536,599 of expenditures that were disbursed as loan awards to qualifying subrecipients.



## Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

California State Water Resources Control Board Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund Sacramento, California

We have audited the basic financial statements of the California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund (Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006 and have issued our report thereon dated September 8, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the basic financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

6399 S. Fiddler's Green Circle Suite 100 Greenwood Village, Colorado 80111 tel: (303) 779-5710 fax: (303) 779-0348



This report is intended solely for the information and use of Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's management and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Greenwood Village, Colorado

Clifton Genderson LLP

September 8, 2006



### Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

California State Water Resources Control Board Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund Sacramento, California

### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2006. Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's compliance with those requirements.

As described in item 2006-01 in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund did not comply with requirements regarding Subrecipient Monitoring that are applicable to its Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds (CFDA No. 66.458). Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund to comply with requirements applicable to that program.

6399 S. Fiddler's Green Circle Suite 100 Greenwood Village, Colorado 80111 tel: (303) 779-5710 fax: (303) 779-0348



In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the preceding paragraph, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2006

### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The management of Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

We noted certain matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over compliance that, in our judgment, could adversely affect Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund ability to administer a major federal program in accordance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2006-01.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe none of the reportable conditions described above is a material weakness.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's management and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Greenwood Village, Colorado

Clifton Genderson LLP

September 8, 2006

PART I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT	OR'S RESULTS			
Financial Statements		•		
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unqu	ıalified		
Internal control over financial repor	ting:	•		
Material weakness(es) identified?	•	yes		
Reportable condition(s) identified				
not considered to be material we		ves	$\sqrt{}$ none reporte	d
Noncompliance material to financia				_
noted?	·	ves	√_ no	
			***	
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major program	:			
Material weakness(es) identified?		ves	√_ no	
Reportable condition(s) identified			<u></u>	
not considered to be material we		√ ves	none reported	4
Type of auditor's report issued on co			none reported	_
for major program:	Quali	ified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are	required	Quan	ii (cu	
to be reported in accordance with				
of OMB Circular A-133?	section 510 (a)	√yes	no	
or own chedial 74-155;		<u> </u>	no	
Identification of major programs:				
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal	Program or Clu	star	
CI D.II. (umber (o)	rame of reactar	a rogrami or Ciu	,	
66.458	Capitalization Gra	ints for State Reve	olving Funds	
			017g 1 uu.	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish	between		•	
Type A and Type B programs:		\$1,31	7,289	
Auditee qualified as low-risk audited		no		
•				
PART II - FINDINGS RELATED	TO FINANCIAL	<b>STATEMENTS</b>	 	
There were no findings required to				ng
Standards.	•			Ç
PART III - FINDINGS RELATEI	O TO FEDERAL A	AWARDS		
Reference Number:	2006-01			
Federal Catalog Number:	66.458			
Federal Program Title:	Capitalization Gra	nts for Clean Wat	ter State Revolving	
	Funds		•	
Category of Finding:	itoring			
State Administering Subdivision:	California State W	ater Resources C	ontrol Board	

#### CRITERIA

Section .400 (d) of OMB Circular A-133 requires a pass-through entity to perform the following for the federal awards it makes:

- (1) Identify federal awards made by informing each subrecipient of the CFDA title and number, award name and number, award year, if the award is research and development, and name of the federal agency. When some of this information is not available, the pass-through entity shall provide the best information available to describe the federal award.
- (2) Advise subrecipients of requirements imposed on them by federal laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements as well as any supplemental requirements imposed by the pass-through entity.
- (3) Monitor the activities of subrecipients as necessary to ensure that federal awards are used for authorized purposes in compliance with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements and that performance goals are achieved.
- (4) Ensure that subrecipients expending \$500,000 or more in federal awards during the subrecipient's fiscal year have met the audit requirements of OMB Circular A-133 for that fiscal year.
- (5) Issue a management decision on audit findings within six months after receipt of the subrecipient's audit report and ensure that the subrecipient takes appropriate and timely correction action.
- (6) Consider whether subrecipient audits necessitate adjustment of the pass-through entity's own records.
- (7) Require each subrecipient to permit the pass-through entity and auditors to have access to the records of financial statements as necessary for the pass-through entity to comply with OMB Circular A-133.

#### CONDITION

Subrecipients were not notified of all required federal award information pertaining to the federal award as noted in (1) above. Additionally, single audits were not completed or not properly completed by certain subrecipients in accordance with (4) above.

#### **EFFECT**

California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund (Fund) is not in compliance with certain pass-through entity responsibilities.

#### **QUESTIONED COSTS**

\$26,061,094

### **CONTEXT**

Generally, the subrecipients of the federal awards have June 30 year ends, and as a result due to the fiscal year ends and the completion of audits by subrecipients, testing was limited to single audits submitted for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. Six of ten subrecipients required to have single audits completed in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 either did not have them completed or the audits were not properly completed. Four of the six did not have a single audit completed and two of the six had single audits completed, however the Capitalization Grant for Clean Water State Revolving Funds (CFDA No. 66.458) was not listed on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. Neither the California State Controller's Office or the Fund followed up with the entities regarding the lack of completed single audits or improperly completed single audits for the year ended June 30, 2005. The total federal funds disbursed to the six subrecipients by the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2005 for which no single audit was completed or was improperly completed was \$26,061,094. The total reported expenditures of federal awards reported by the Fund on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the year ended June 30, 2005 was \$64,450,038, of which \$61,005,181 was passed through to subrecipients.

### **CAUSE**

Required federal award information was not included in the loan contracts with subrecipients or otherwise communicated to subrecipients. Additionally, the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund and the California State Controller's Office have not developed an effective process to ensure that subrecipients receiving federal awards in excess of \$500,000 are having single audits completed and submitted when required. Additionally there is not timely follow-up in instances where single audits are required to be submitted but are not received.

#### RECOMMENDATION

We recommend the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund communicate all required federal award identification information in their contracts with subrecipients. Additionally, we recommend that all subrecipients receiving federal awards be notified annually of the amount of federal awards disbursed to them. The subrecipient should also be notified that a single audit is to be completed if total federal awards received from all sources during the fiscal year exceeded \$500,000. The California State Controller Office should be included in this communication so that appropriate follow-up can be performed on the single audits received.

### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

Management agrees with the comment, except for the questioned costs. The management of the Fund has implemented significant review processes regarding the disbursement of federal awards to subrecipients to ensure that federal awards are disbursed for allowable activities and allowable costs. Accordingly, management of the Fund believes this to be a compliance finding with no questioned costs.

Management was aware of this requirement and had already begun notifying all agencies that received more than \$500,000 in Federal funds for the year ended June 30, 2006. Management is following up with the State Controller's Office of California for missing or improperly

Ģ

performed single audits for the years ended June 30, 2005 and 2006. Management of the Fund will develop a method of communicating the required information to subrecipients. Management will also report, on an annual basis, to subrecipients, the amount of Federal awards disbursed to the subrecipients. In addition, management will work in conjunction with the SCO to develop a process to ensure that all subrecipients that are required to have single audits have them completed and forwarded to SCO and the Fund annually. Management will review the single audits timely and issue management decisions on any findings noted within the timeframe outlined in OMB Circular A-133.

# CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2006

There were no prior audit findings required to be reported under generally accepted government auditing standards or OMB A-133 standards.